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Economics of Soil Amendments: Cover Crops

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AGRICULTURE AND NATURAL RESOURCE ECONOMICS PROGRAM



Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP)

Acres enrolled in the Conservation Stewardship Program (CSP) with at least one soil health practice for enhancement, 2010-2015



Source: Bowman and Lynch (2019)

Soil health practices: cover crops, no-till, and pasture and rangeland management or restoration

Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP)

Acres enrolled in the Environmental Quality Incentives Program (EQIP) with at least one soil quality practice, 2009-2018



Source: Data Source: USDA-NRCS, National Planning and Agreements Database, October 2018.

In 2018, acres with soil quality practices went down by 31%, relative to 2009-2013 average values.

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Conservation spending in Florida has increased in recent years

Total CSP Obligations by Fiscal Year, Florida



Total EQIP Obligations by Fiscal Year, Florida



UF Soil health has both private and public benefits

	Ecological/Environmental	Agronomic
		Increased yields
	• Local biodiversity, natural beauty,	Pest control
Private/	etc.	Reduced fertilizer
Farm	Flood control	use/cost
	Erosion control	Drought mitigation
		 Irrigation reductions
	Carbon sequestration	 Lower risk of pest outbreaks
Public/	Cleaner water	Lower risk of disease
External	Flood control	outbreaks
	Erosion control	 Fewer unwanted nitrates from runoff





EQIP Cover Crop Acres







Motivation for using cover crops

Other Insect control Improve winter hardiness Reduce cash crop disease potential Diversify termination methods Decrease production costs Increase economic return Attract pollinators Weed control Increase yields in cash crops Choose diverse rooting systems Provide another nitrogen source Scavenge nitrogen Reduce soil erosion Reduce soil compaction Increase soil organic matter Increase overall soil health

Source: CTIC (2016)





Cover crops' impact on profit



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Using cover crops can reduce yield variability during extreme weather events



Source: CTIC (2016)





Soil health improvements

WHEN DID YOU BEGIN TO SEE SOIL HEALTH BENEFITS OF USING COVER CROPS?





FACTORS THAT INFLUENCE COVER CROP DECISIONS

✓ Factors found to be <u>very helpful</u> at influencing cover crop decisions (40-53%)

Source: CTIC (2017)

Typical cover crop costs

ITEM	COST PER ACRE
Cover crop seed	\$10 - \$50
Seeding the cover crops	\$5 - \$18
Termination	\$0 - \$10
Subtotal range	\$15 - \$78
Median cost from survey	\$37

Corn and soybeans yield benefits

Percent increase in yield for corm and soybeans following cover crops versus comparably managed fields with no cover crops

CROP YEAR	CORN	SOYBEANS
2012	9.6%	11.6%
2013	3.1%	4.3%
2014	2.1%	4.2%
2015	1.9%	2.8%
2016	1.3%	3.8%

Estimated input savings on soybean fields after using cover crops

BUDGET ITEM	YEARS OF COVER CROPPING		
	One (\$/ac)	Three (\$/ac)	Five (\$/ac)
Fertilizer	\$0	\$6.30	\$8.40
Weed control	\$0 - \$15	\$10 - \$25	\$10 - \$25
Erosion repair	\$2 - \$4	\$2 - \$4	\$2 - \$4
Subtotal	\$2 - \$19	\$18.30 - \$35.30	\$20.40 - \$37.40

Estimated net returns on soybean fields after using cover crops

BUDGET ITEM	YEARS OF COVER CROPPING			
	One (\$/ac)	Three (\$/ac)	Five (\$/ac)	
Saving on inputs (the low end of the subtotal from the returns)	\$2	\$18.30	\$20.40	
Income from extra yield in normal weather year	\$11.45	\$19.12	\$26.78	
Cost of seed and seedling	\$37	\$37	\$37	
Net return	-\$23.55	\$0.42	\$10.18	

Estimated input savings on corn fields after using cover crops

BUDGET ITEM	YEARS OF COVER CROPPING		
	One (\$/ac)	Three (\$/ac)	Five (\$/ac)
Fertilizer	\$0	\$14.10	\$21.90
Weed control	\$0 - \$15	\$10 - \$25	\$10 - \$25
Erosion repair	\$2 - \$4	\$2 - \$4	\$2 - \$4
Subtotal	\$2 - \$19	\$26.10 - \$43.10	\$33.90-\$50.90

Estimated net returns on corn fields after using cover crops

BUDGET ITEM	YEARS OF COVER CROPPING		
	One (\$/ac)	Three (\$/ac)	Five (\$/ac)
Saving on inputs (the low end of the subtotal from the returns)	\$2	\$26.10	\$33.90
Income from extra yield in normal weather year	\$3.64	\$12.32	\$21
Cost of seed and seedling	\$37	\$37	\$37
Net return	-\$31.36	\$1.42	\$17.90

Situations that may boost cover crop impacts:

- ✓ Herbicide-resistant weeds
- ✓ Grazing income
- ✓ Use with other practices (e.g., no-till)
- ✓ Irrigation reductions
- ✓ Reduced fertilizer use
- ✓ Payments received



Barriers to cover crop adoption

- Cost of seed and planting
- Managing the cover crops:
 - increased labor, fear the cover crop will become a weed, cover crop selection, attracting non-beneficial insects
- Limited time to establish cover crop
- Steep learning curve
- The lack of measurable economic returns following implementation
- Aesthetics





Summary

We know little about the adoption of soil health practices (including cover crops) in Florida.

What we do know seems to be consistent across the country:

- Increased spending indicates there are significant Federal and state efforts to increase acres with soil health practices
- Cover crops are an important part of the soil health story
- Cover crops may help mitigate against extreme weather (e.g., drought)
- Startup costs are high, but returns may be seen within a few years
- There are several ways to boost returns from cover crops

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION s

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Questions?

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