CURRENT AND FUTURE NEEDS AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE FLORIDA TOMATO INDUSTRY

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Florida Tomato Industry

 The last few years are have not been easy for tomato growers and the tomato industry ...















Gov Regulations



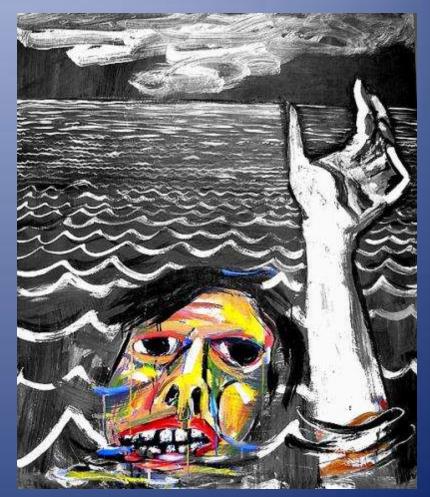
- BMP: Best Management Practices
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- Fumigant REDs
- FDACS: Florida Dept. of Agriculture and Consumer Services
- FDEP: Florida Department of Environmental Protection
- FWC: Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Committee
- H₂A
- SFWMD: South Florida Water Management District
- TGAPS
- TMDL's
- WPS: Worker Protection Standard
- etc, etc, etc

Successfully negotiating the regulatory environment has become a daunting task. The acronyms for the rules and the names of the agencies that administer them present a veritable alphabet soup for the typical grower.



Background

 The prolonged freezing temperatures in late 2009 and early 2010 in Florida, along with concerns about labor costs and availability, modified production practices, and the increased regulatory environment has prompted some growers to question the long-term sustainability of the tomato industry in Florida



Background

- As a result, a detailed survey was designed in March 2010 by a team of researchers, extension agents and industry representatives.
- What are growers thinking and feeling



The Survey

- The objective of this questionnaire was to identify preliminary information on problems and limitations, as well as opportunities for improving tomato production and sustainability through appropriate research and extension efforts.
- How and where IFAS can help.



Sample Demographics

- The questionnaire was distributed tomato growers mainly in the main production areas of Florida, regardless of harvested acreage, and it was either administered in person or received by fax, regular mail and electronic mail.
- Sample size (n) = 16
- Cumulative acreage = 21,803
- Average tomato seasons per year = 1.9

Sample Demographics

- The questionnaire covered 21,803 acres which is approximately 50% of the annual planted area in Florida
- Operations were located in Manatee, Hendry, Collier, Broward, Hillsborough, Leon, St. Lucie, Palm Beach, and Hardee Counties.
- Identity of the owners and respondents not disclosed

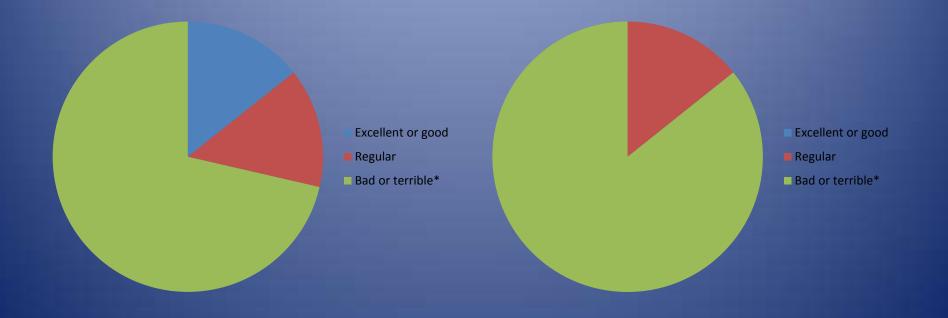


 The covered subjects were soil fumigation, breeding, water and fertilizer management, alternative production systems, pest management, water/nutrient/fumigation regulations, food safety regulations, and labor laws.

How do you rank the future of the tomato industry

Growers ≥500 acres

Growers <500 acres



significant

How do you rank for the next five years the need for...

need for...new cultivars/varieties?

Growers ≥500 acres

Growers <500 acres

Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed

NS

need for...new water and fertilizer management practices?

Growers ≥ 500 acres

Growers < 500 acres

Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed

NS

need for ... research on alternative production systems?

Growers ≥ 500 acres

Growers < 500 acres



Not needed or slightly needed

- Somewhat needed
- Highly needed or extremely needed*

Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed*

significant

need for ... new pest management practices?

Growers ≥500 acres

Growers <500 acres

Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed

need for ... new labor rules and laws to facilitate production and packing?

Growers ≥ 500 acres

Growers < 500 acres

Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed Not needed or slightly needed

Somewhat needed

Highly needed or extremely needed

How do you think that current...

... water/nutrient/fumigation regulations will affect your operation?

Growers ≥ 500 acres

Growers < 500 acres

Not affected or slightly affected

Somewhat affected

Highly affected or extremely affected Not affected or slightly affected

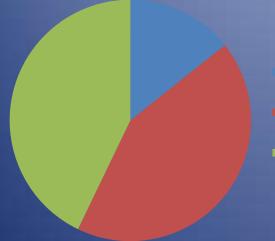
Somewhat affected

Highly affected or extremely affected

... food safety regulations will affect your operation?

Growers ≥ 500 acres

Growers < 500 acres



Not affected or slightly affected

Somewhat affected

Highly affected or extremely affected Not affected or slightly affected

Somewhat affected

Highly affected or extremely affected

2010 Season

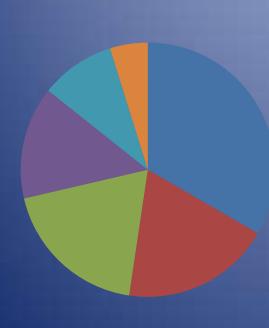
 Among the most limiting factors cited for growing tomatoes in 2010, cold weather was the most frequently answered reason (33% of all the answers), followed by labor availability (19%), foreign competition (19%), and fruit prices (14%).

What were the most limiting factors for growing the crop in 2010:

irrigation, varieties,

fumigation, packing

Growers ≥ 500 acres



Growers < 500 acres Cold weather Labor availability Labor availability Foreign competition Fruit prices Diseases State/federal State/federal regulations Fruit yields ■ Insects, weeds,

Fruit yields Insects, weeds, irrigation, varieties,

fumigation, packing

Cold weather

Foreign competition

Fruit prices

Diseases

regulations

What are the most concerning issues on soil fumigation?

Growers ≥ 500 acres

Growers < 500 acres

- High prices/cost of application
- Efficacy against weeds
- Efficacy against diseases
- Efficacy against nematodes
- Inconsistency under different conditions
- Equipment modifications



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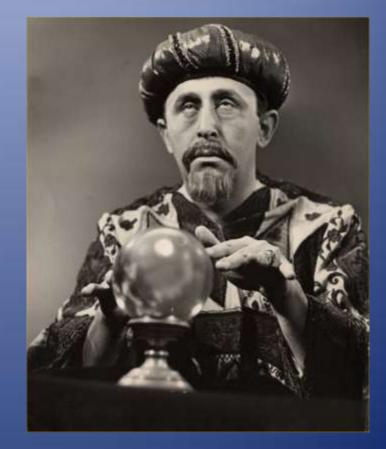
Pile On



What they said ...

Future of the Tomato Industry

- There was significantly higher skepticism among growers with ≥500 acres than those growing <500 acres.
- About 71% of the growers with ≥500 acres (representing 17,800 acres) responded "terrible" or "bad", in contrast with only 29% of growers with <500 acres of tomato.



Soil Fumigation

 The majority of those interviewed, regardless of farm size, considered that the main issues with soil fumigation were application regulations, high prices and costs of application, and efficacy against weeds and diseases.



New Varieties



Characteristics of new varieties/cultivars. Resistance to bacterial spot and speck and tomato yellow leaf curl virus (64% of the surveys), and nematodes (21%). Better taste (29%), higher yields and fruit size (29%), and firmer fruit (21%).

Fertilizer/Water Management

- Fertilizer/water management research.
- Efficient drip irrigation and fertilizer placement, reduced application costs, correct nutrient ratios
- Compliance with EPA numeric standards
- Proper organic fertilization
- Knowledge of controlledrelease fertilizers.



Pest Management

- Resistance through breeding new varieties
- New practices and products to control diseases







Regulations/Competition



- Regulations
- Unfair trade/uneven playing field
- Doubts about foreign competition adhering to food safety standards enforced in the U.S.
- Implementing of best management practices might not be economically feasible/practical.

Need for alternative production systems

- For this question, growers with <500 acres seemed more open than their larger counterparts (72% vs. 43%) to explore non-traditional production systems, such as protected agriculture, soilless culture, and organic production.
- Especially smaller growers



The Challenge Florida Tomato Growers



Florida Agricultural Experiment Station



EXTENSION Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences

Industry Partners

Questions



Go Gators

