

# Promising Research Findings in HLB Nutritional Therapy and what appears to be working

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# Orange Hammock Grove

- 400 acres planted 1992
- Hamlin (125 ac) & Valencia (275 ac)
- Rootstocks Swingle & Carrizo
- Spacing: 22' x 12' (165 trees/acre)
- Flatwoods bedded grove
- Two row beds
- Maxijet emitters
- Psyllid control sprays aerial
- Dry ground applied fertilizer
- Foliar applied nutritionals & SARs

Spring 2006



February 29, 2012



January 8, 2013



# Orange Hammock Grove Production

Season		Hamlin				Valencia		
	Boxes	Lb. slds/bx	Bx/ac	Avg.	Boxes	Lb. Slds/bx	Bx/ac	Avg.
2012-13	79,554	5.74	655	<b>589 lb</b>				<b>463 lb</b>
2011-12	72,697	5.62	599	(26.5 t)	87587	6.37	514	(20.8 t)
2010-11	70,996	5.67	586		74,223	6.36	436	
2009-10	54,942	5.52	453		70,660	6.43	415	
2008-09	87,938	5.67	725		75,580	6.63	444	
2007-08	73,671	6.14	608		105,045	6.64	617	
2006-07	65,495	5.73	540		68,791	7.10	404	
2005-06	65,981	5.49	544		69,423	7.36	408	
2004-05	73,381	6.00	605	<b>569</b>	86,104	7.22	506	<b>460</b>
2003-04	83,403	4.97	688	(25.6 t)	107,933	6.56	634	(20.7 t)
2002-03	65,004	5.17	536		76,911	6.15	452	
2001-02	66,565	5.33	549		80,376	6.23	472	
2000-01	67,425	5.39	556		57,659	5.89	339	
1999-00	58,206	5.21	480		61,602	6.51	362	

# Orange Hammock Grove

Mature trees

100 trees

Valencia/Swingle Carrizo

Young trees



100 trees

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Google

Imagery Date: 2005

26°31'16.53" N

81°27'41.52" W

elev 35 ft

Eye alt 6137 ft

# Orange Hammock Grove

100 trees

Mature Val. trees

Young Val. trees

100 trees

© 2012 Google

Google ea

Entry Date: 4/25/2012

26°31'19.12" N 81°27'36.74" W elev 34 ft

Eye alt 7026

# Mature Valencia Trees

Jan. 2008 PCR  
Mature Trees  
40 % positive

		+							
					+	+		+	
					+			+	
?		+			+	+		+	
?		+						+	+
?			+			+		+	+
?		+	+			+		+	+
+				+				+	+
+				+			+	+	+
	+			+		+	+	+	+

# Young Valencia Trees

Jan. 2008 PCR  
Young Trees  
81 % Positive

+	+		+	+		+	+	+	+
+			+	+	+	+	+	+	+
+	+	+		+		+	+	+	+
+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+
+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+
+	+			+	+	+	+	+	+
+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
+	+	+			+	+	+	+	+
	+			+		+		+	+

# Mature Valencia Trees

Jan. 2010 PCR  
Mature Trees  
91 % Positive

# Young Valencia Trees

# Jan. 2010 PCR Young Trees 100 % Positive

# Mature Valencia Trees

Jan. 2012 PCR  
Mature Trees  
95 % positive

# Young Valencia Trees

Jan. 2012 PCR  
Young trees  
100 % Positive

# HLB Symptom Rating Systems

100 trees (10 trees x 10 rows) in 2 blocks

0 = Vigorous, no symptoms

1 = Vigorous, slight symptoms

2 = Slight decline (symptomatic)

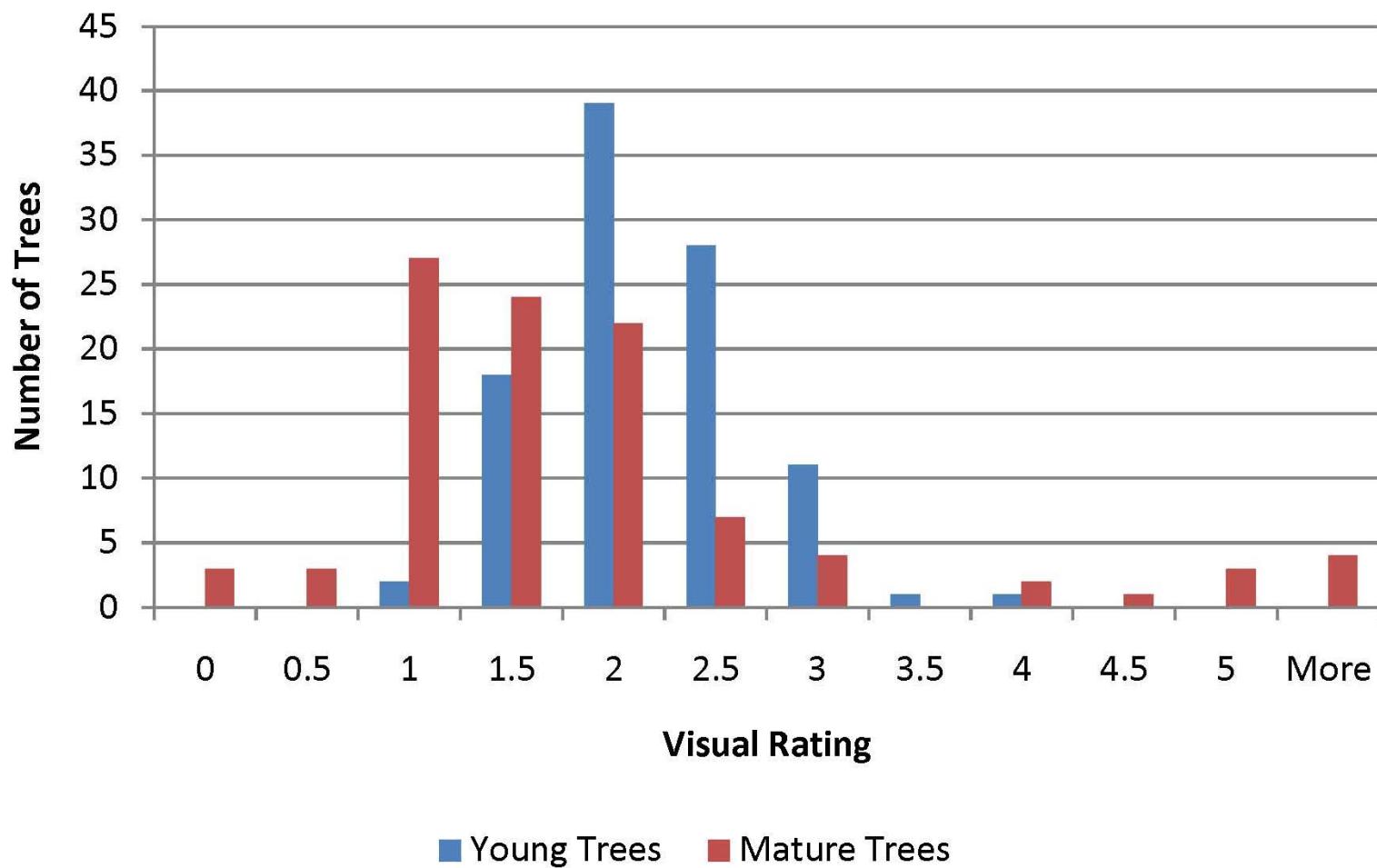
3 = Moderate decline (symptomatic)

4 = Severe decline (symptomatic)

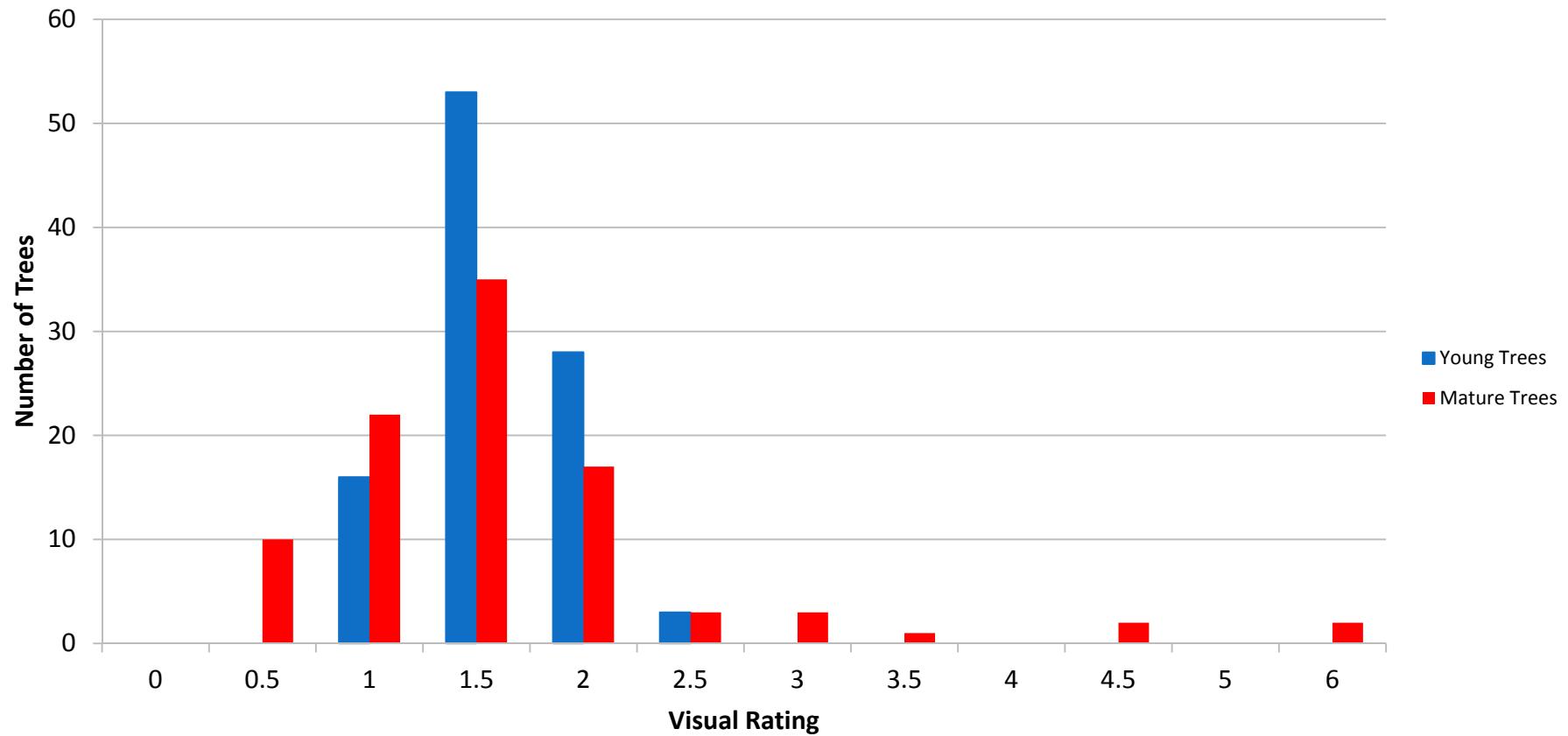
5 = Won't recover

6 = Missing tree

## Visual Ratings of Orange Hammock 1/10/10



## Visual Ratings of Orange Hammock 1/06/12



# Nutrition Program

## Foliar Spray:

Serenade  
Sonata  
Renew (N-P-K)  
K-Phite (Phosphite)  
SAver (SA)  
Magnesium Sulfate  
Manganese Sulfate  
Zinc Sulfate  
Sodium Molybdate  
13-0-44 Spray Grade (KNO<sub>3</sub>)  
435 Citrus Spray Oil  
AgPro (mined earth elements)  
Hydrogen peroxide

## Ground Applied:

Calcium Nitrate  
Triple Super Phosphate  
DAP  
SPM  
MOP  
Magnesium  
Iron  
Boron w/herbicide application  
Copper – as nutritional only  
when needed

# Conclusions on Boyd's Nutritional Therapy Program

- ✓ Trees with HLB have been maintained for 8 seasons
- ✓ Yield has maintained for 8 years since HLB confirmed
- ✓ HLB in Valencia increased from 40%, 91% to 95%
- ✓ HLB in young Valencia increased from 81%, 100%, 100%
- ✓ Symptom ratings and tree condition improved in both mature and young Valencia from 2010 to 2012

# Trials Evaluating the Boyd Cocktail

## (2008 - 12)

### A. OBJECTIVES

1. Duplicate Orange Hammock Grove Results
2. Define components of nutrient/SAR cocktail that are contributing to maintaining tree health & production

### B. TRIALS

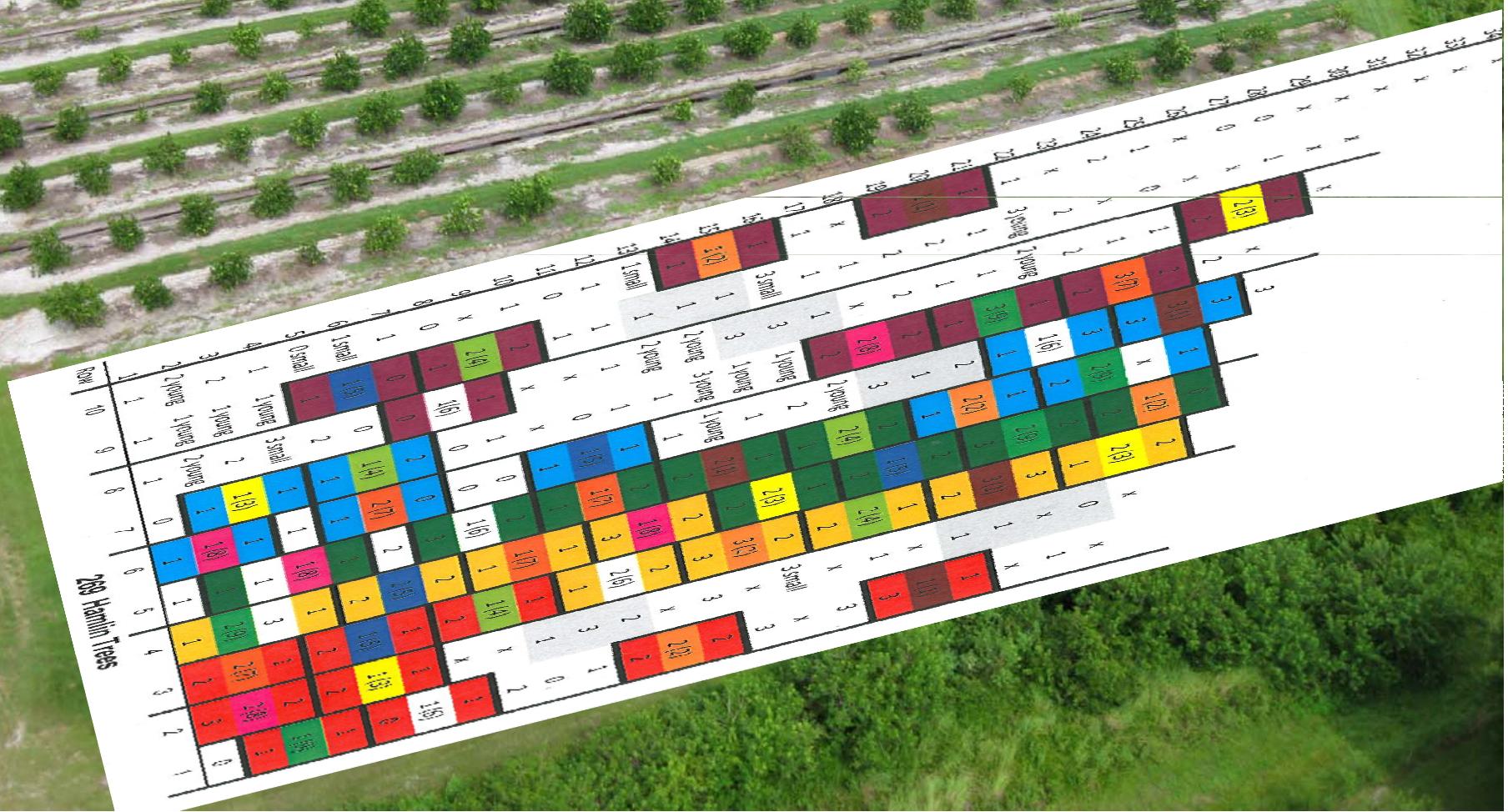
Sites	Size	2008	2012
1) SWFREC (Hamlin)	2 acres	infected 100%	100%
2) Commercial (Valencia)	30 acres	infected 15%	98%

<b>Per acre (250 gal/acre)</b>	<b>Product</b>
2.25 lbs (2010 Serenade ASO)	Serenade Max WP
2 qts	Di-Oxy Solv organic ( $H_3PO_3$ )
8 gal	*14-7-8 w/K-phite (1-pt/gal)
8 gal	or 3-18-20 w/K-phite (1-pt/gal)
8.5 lbs	$MgSO_4$ (Epsom Salts)
8.5 lbs	$MnSO_4$ (Techmangam)
2.8 lbs	Zinc Sulfate
0.85 oz	Sodium Molybdate
8.5 lbs	$KNO_3$ (13-0-44 spray grade)
1 qt	SAver w/ammonium salicylate
5 gal	435 Oil
3.3 lbs (added fall 2009)	B (Beau-Ron D)

\* When using 14-7-8 (spring) eliminate the 3-18-20

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>
SAR				SAR
K-Phite	K-Phite			
Micro	Micro	Micro	*	*
Hydrogen Peroxide	<del>Hydrogen Peroxide</del>	<del>Hydrogen Peroxide</del>	<del>Hydrogen Peroxide</del>	<del>Hydrogen Peroxide</del>
$\text{KNO}_3 + \text{oil}$				
<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>
SAR	SAR		SAR	untreated
K-Phite		K-Phite	K-Phite	
*	Micro	*	Micro	*
<del>Hydrogen Peroxide</del>	<del>Hydrogen Peroxide</del>	<del>Hydrogen Peroxide</del>		
$\text{KNO}_3 + \text{oil}$	$\text{KNO}_3 + \text{oil}$	$\text{KNO}_3 + \text{oil}$	$\text{KNO}_3 + \text{oil}$	

# SWFREC Immokalee site



# PCR Ct values for 3 test sites

Site	Year	Range	Mean	Incidence
SWFREC	2008	29.97 - 25.87	28.097 a	100%
	2009	27.32 - 24.43	26.065 b	100%
	2010	25.88 - 24.56	24.994 b	100%
	2011	30.57 - 28.13	29.179 a	100%
Meador	2008	32.58 - 27.21	29.884 a	41%
	2009	30.21 - 27.13	28.498 a	79%
	2010	26.22 - 24.82	25.643 b	99%
	2011	27.00 - 25.85	26.491 b	100%
B.Collier	2008			About 15%
	2009	34.27 - 30.22	32.234 a	40%
	2010	26.88 - 25.18	25.896 b	85%
	2011	27.04 - 23.99	25.226 b	98%

# SWFREC Hamlin Yield

SWFREC (Hamlin)										
2008		2009		2010		2011*		2012		
Trt.	Lb. tree	Trt.	Lb. tree	Trt.	Lb. tree	Trt.	Lb. tree	Trt.	Lbs. tree	
(2)	37.0 a	(2)	78.2 a	(2)	118.1 a	(2)	196.2 a	(2)	360 a	
(4)	30.4 ab	(4)	58.8 ab	(1)	109.4 ab	6	195.8 a	7	346 a	
(9)	24.9 ab	(9)	56.0 ab	(3)	96.2 abc	(3)	188.7 a	(4)	330 a	
(3)	24.1 ab	6	48.3 bc	7	85.6 abc	(4)	187.3 a	(9)	329 a	
(1)	21.5 ab	(1)	48.0 bc	(9)	79.6 bcd	7	181.4 a	6	324 ab	
6	18.9 b	(3)	42.5 bc	(4)	74.0 cde	(9)	174.5 a	(1)	286 ab	
5	18.6 b	7	38.0 bc	10	67.0 cde	(1)	170.7 a	5	269 ab	
7	18.3 b	5	35.6 bc	5	63.4 cde	5	149.6 b	(3)	251 ab	
8	14.8 b	8	28.7 c	6	45.6 de	8	108.3 b	8	207 bc	
10	6.9 c	10	18.2 d	8	43.6 e	10	56.5 c	10	132 c	

\*Experienced citrus canker on leaves with severe leaf loss

# 2012 FRUIT DROP

	Trt. 1	Trt. 2	Trt. 3	Trt. 4	Trt. 5	Trt. 6	Trt. 7	Trt. 8	Trt. 9	Trt. 10
% Drop	31	27	32	26	29	23	30	37	33	32
Boxes	0.63	.68	.53	.61	.53	.57	.71	.51	.70	.30

NOTE: The more fruit on the tree the more fruit dropped  
Best treatments at 4 boxes/8 ft. tree less 0.6 box = 3.4 boxes/tree

Ht. = 2.56 m (8.3 ft.)

Trt. 2



Ht. = 3.29 m (10.7 ft.)

Trt. 2



Ht. = 2.56 m (8.3 ft.)

Trt. 2



Ht. = 2.41 m (7.2 ft.)

Trt. 1



Ht. = 2.63 m (8.5 ft.)

Trt. 1



# Valencia 30 acre Commercial Trial

B.Collier (Valencia)								
2008		2009		2010		2011		Treatment code
Trt.	Lb. tree	Trt.	Lb. tree	Trt.	Lb. tree	Trt.	Lb. tree	
2	72.3 a	1	63.3 a	1	60.4 a	3	148.3 a	1= Micro+Macro+PO <sub>3</sub> +SAR+H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
8	67.2 a	2	63.1 a	2	60.0 a	2	148.2 a	2= Micro, Macro, H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>3</sub>
1	65.4 a	9	50.2 ab	9	55.9 ab	1	144.8 a	3 = Micro + KNO <sub>3</sub>
9	65.1 a	5	46.2 ab	7	52.2 ab	7	144.7 a	4 = KNO <sub>3</sub>
5	63.3 a	8	45.7 ab	5	45.6 ab	9	139.8 a	5 = SAR + KNO <sub>3</sub>
10	62.2 a	7	42.3 ab	3	44.0 ab	5	129.3 ab	6 = Macro, H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>3</sub> , SAR
3	59.1 a	3	41.8 ab	4	39.8 ab	4	121.2 ab	7 = Micro, KNO <sub>3</sub> , SAR
7	59.1 a	4	33.4 b	8	37.0 ab	8	110.4 b	8 = Macro +H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>3</sub>
6	49.8 a	10	32.1	6	32.9 b	6	108.9 b	9 = Micro+ Macro +PO <sub>3</sub> + SAR
4	38.4 a	6	27.2 b	10	28.9 b	10	91 c	10 = Control

2/19/2013 Trt. 2 B9 Valencia



# What Appears to be Working?

- Micronutrients (Mg, Mn sulfate, Zn sulfate, Mo, B)
- Macro nutrient (KNO<sub>3</sub> or Urea or DKP)
- Phosphite for disease
- Salicylic acid for growth flush stimulation

**Pruning + Nutritional Therapy**

**for Rehabilitating**

**HLB infected Citrus Trees**

**in Florida**

## Objective:

1. Salvage and Rehabilitate HLB Trees to Avoid Cost and Time with Replanting
2. Rebalance the Shoot Root/Ration of Trees with Decline
3. Prune to Stimulate Regrowth and Feed new Foliage with Nutritionals
4. Maintain Psyllid Management

# Rationale

- \$ = Tree Removal of Declining Tree
- \$ = Cost of New Nursery Tree
- \$ = Planting New Tree
- \$ = Care Costs for 4 yrs. till Production Begins
- \$ = Care Costs for additional 2 to 3 yrs. till Yield covers Production costs

# Treatments

- A. Severe buckhorn pruned and un-pruned trees  
(2-row bed, 1-row pruned & 1-row unpruned)
- B. Foliar Nutritionals to feed re-growth of pruned & un-pruned trees
  - 1. Boyd cocktail (macro + micro nutrients, phosphite, SA, SARs)
  - 2. Fortress (Phosphite Mg, Zn, Mn, Mo, Ca, Cu, Co + B, Ni)  
*+ 20 lbs/ac  $KNO_3$  spray and Calcium Nitrate ground applied*
  - 3. Fortress (Phosphite Mg, Zn, Mn, Mo, Cu, Co, + B, Ni)  
*+ Urea (trizoned) spray and Calcium nitrate ground applied*
  - 4. Control - 2 qts./ac maintenance liquid foliar with summer oil sprays



Trees 100% HLB infected January 2010



February 2010



February 2010





August 2010



# 2010 Regrowth Shoot Lengths (cm)

Tree Shape	March flush	May flush	Summer flush
Buckhorn	19.5 a	41.6 a	26.4 a
Standard	10.4 b	13.7 b	22.7 b

# 2011 Regrowth Shoot Lengths (cm)

Tree Shape	Spring flush (March)	Late Spring flush (April-May)	Summer flush (June-August)
Buckhorn	23.5 a	27.1 a	16.1 a
Standard	19.4 b	23.7 b	11.1 b

March 2011



# 2010 & 2011 CROP YIELD second season

Un-pruned trees	2010 Crop (boxes/acre)	2011 Crop (boxes/acre)
Control	49.3 b	164.3 c
Boyd	77.4 a	228.5 a
Fortress + KNO <sub>3</sub>	75.7 a	195.2 ab
Fortress + Urea	75.7 a	197.3 ab
Pruned (Buckhorn)		
Control	27.4 c	174.2 bc
Boyd	22.0 c	211.2 a
Fortress + KNO <sub>3</sub>	29.5 c	181.6 b
Fortress + Urea	29.5 c	195.1 ab

# 2011 Crop Fruit Sizes

There were **no statistical differences among sizes** between pruned and un-pruned trees.

Undersize (Less than 125's)

125's

100's

80's

64's

56's (no fruit)

48's (no fruit)

January 18, 2011



January 18, 2011



September 2011



Pruned June 2010  
Picture March 30, 2011



Grower doubled his crop  
from previous season



# Take Home Message Bottom Line

1. HLB Trees can be Rehabilitated
2. Observation: (Most citrus growers practicing a foliar nutrition therapy program are seeing positive results)
3. Psyllid Management + Foliar Nutritional Reduces Continued Inoculations & Allows Foliar Nutrition to Improve and Maintain Tree Health while Maintaining Economical Production.